

嗜黏蛋白阿克曼菌来源的低酰基化粗糙型脂多糖通过激活 TLR4-IL-23-IL-22免疫轴 缓解饮食诱导的肥胖

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¹中国科学院微生物研究所微生物多样性与资源创新利用全国重点实验室

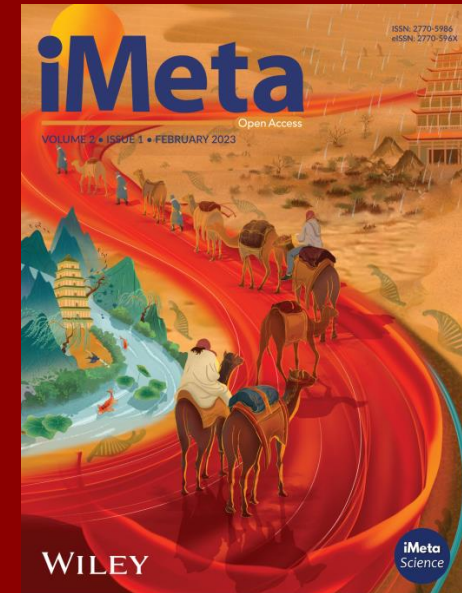
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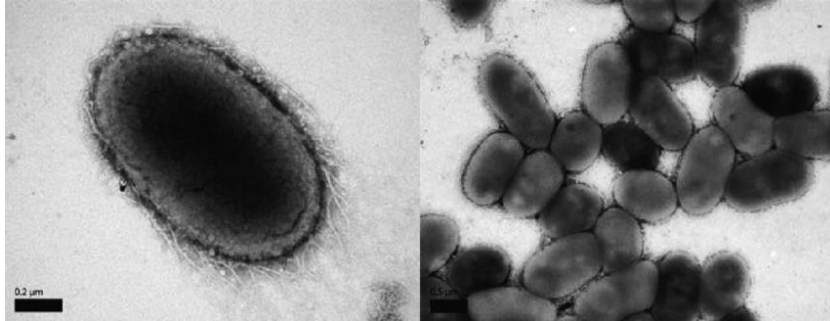
⁶山东大学微生物技术国家重点实验室



Li Sun, Yuting Zhang, Wang Dong, Jingzu Sun, Tao Wang, Fei Shao, Huanqin Dai, et al. 2025. *Akkermansia muciniphila*-derived hypoacylated rough-type lipopolysaccharides alleviate diet-induced obesity via activation of TLR4-IL-23-IL-22 immune axis. *iMeta* 4: e70066.

<https://doi.org/10.1002/imt2.70066>

背景



Akkermansia muciniphila

Efficacy

1. Prevention and treatment of obesity
预防和治疗肥胖
2. Promote intestinal barrier
促进肠道屏障
3. Manage diabetes
调节糖尿病
4. Delaying senescence
延缓衰老
5. Inhibit inflammation and improve metabolism
抑制炎症，改善代谢
6. Prevention of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease
预防非酒精性脂肪肝

LETTERS

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-019-0495-2>

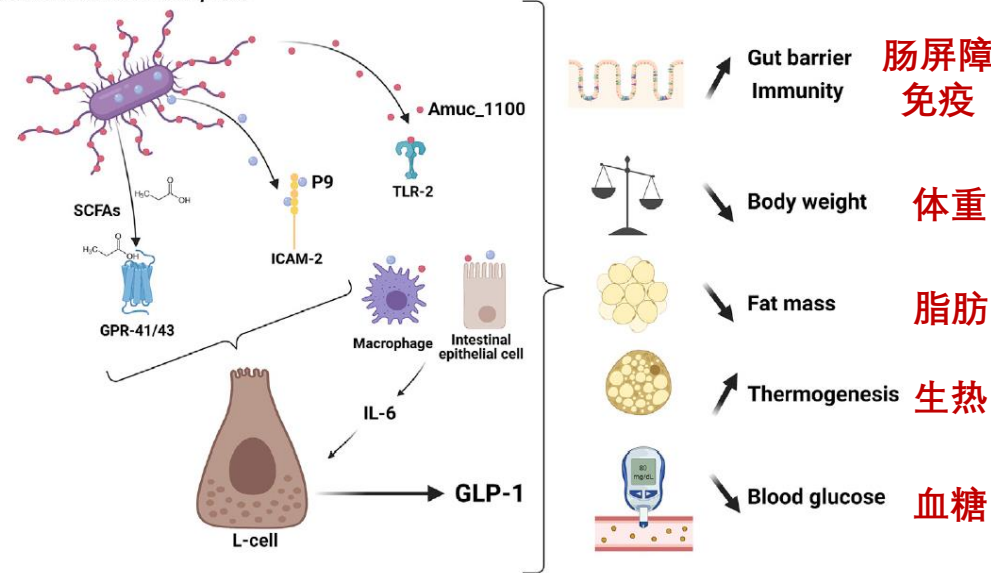
nature
medicine

临床试验：补充*A. muciniphila*可改善胖人代谢，死菌效果好
Supplementation with *Akkermansia muciniphila*
in overweight and obese human volunteers: a
proof-of-concept exploratory study

*A. muciniphila*改善小鼠动脉粥样硬化症状

Akkermansia Muciniphila Protects Against Atherosclerosis by
Preventing Metabolic Endotoxemia-Induced Inflammation in
Apoe^{-/-} Mice

Akkermansia muciniphila



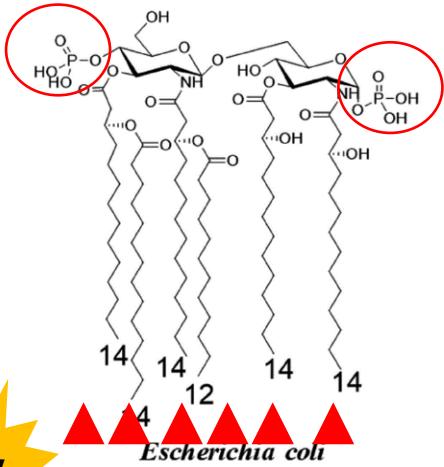
Cell Metab. 2021;33(6):1073-1075.



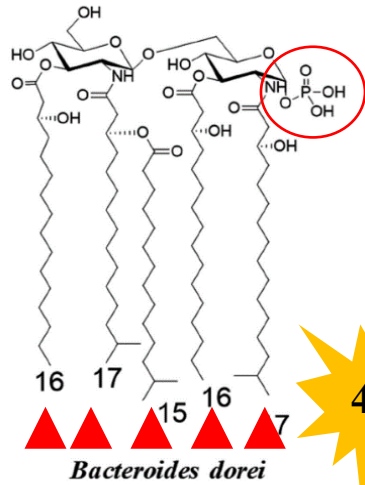
◆ *A. muciniphila* 相关产品的成功上市

背景

2



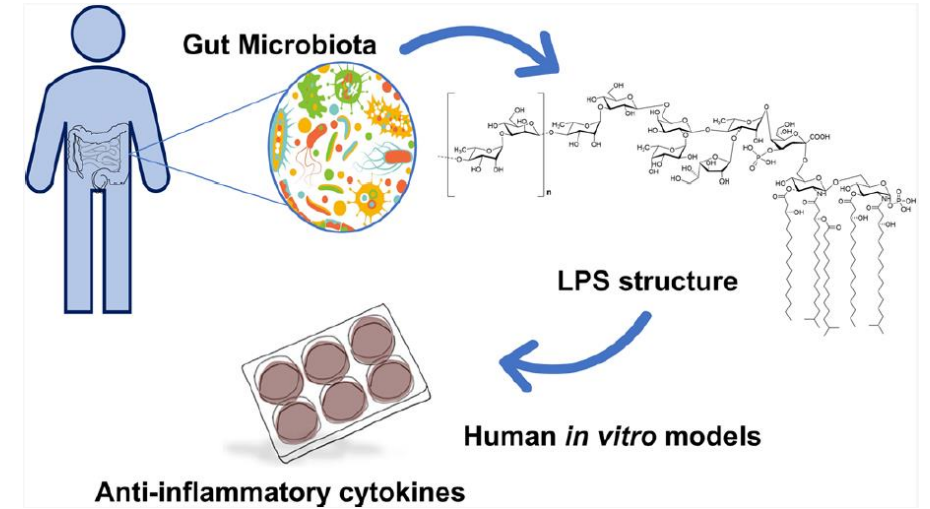
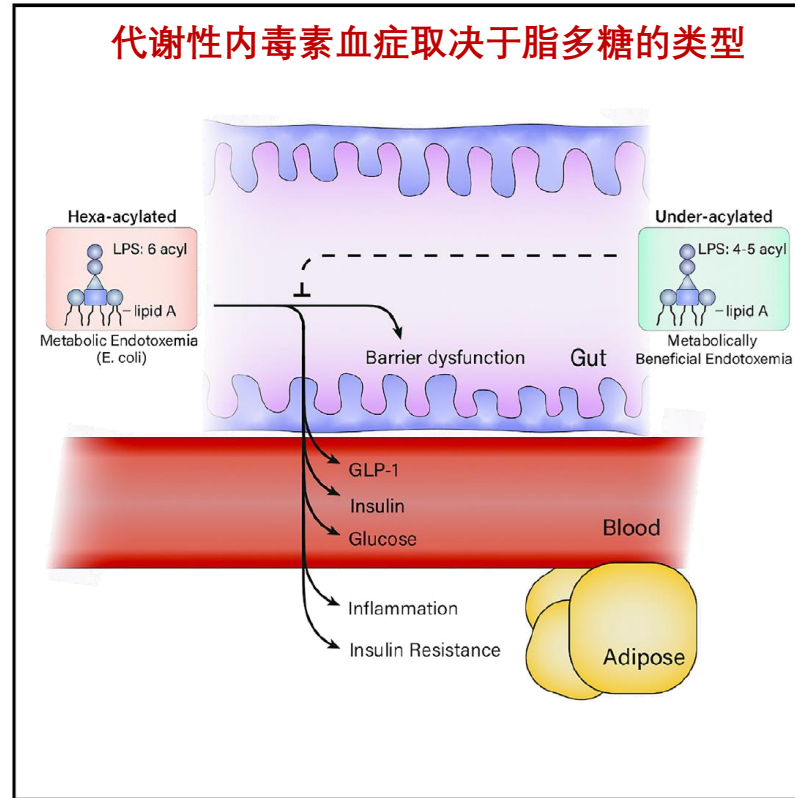
6/7



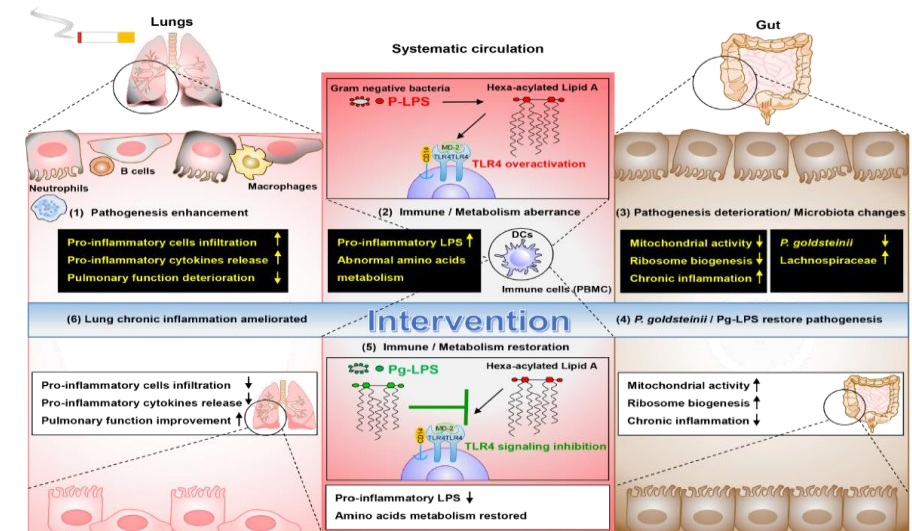
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4/5

代谢性内毒素血症取决于脂多糖的类型



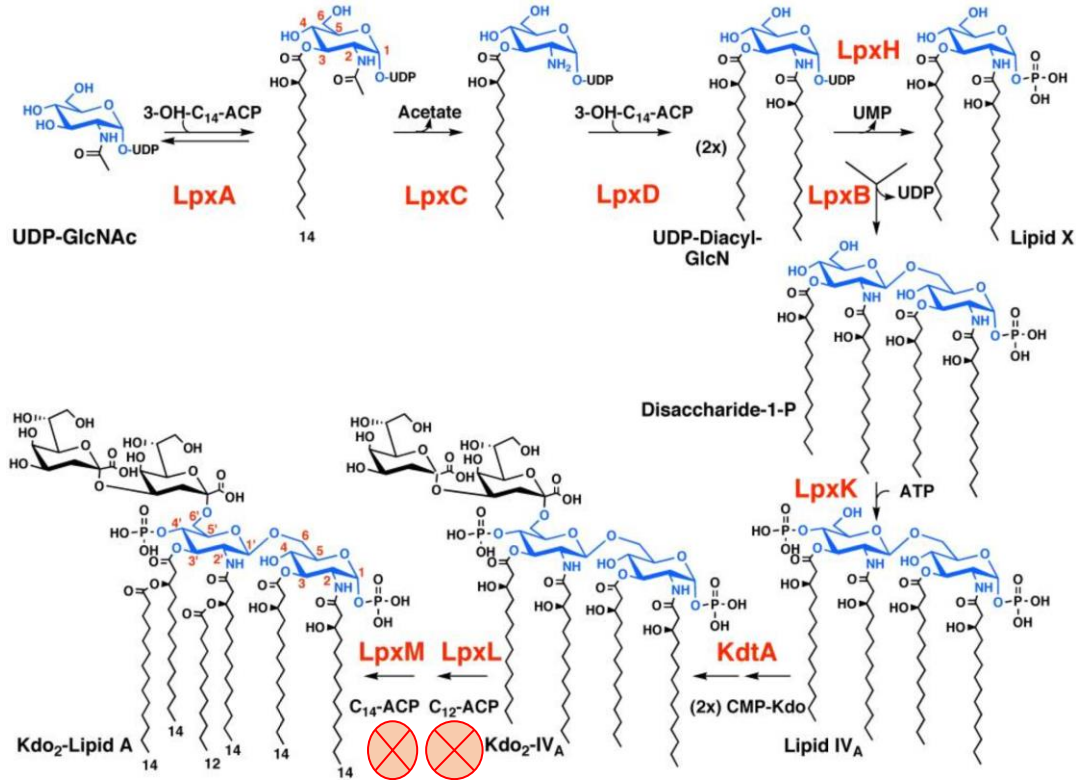
◆ 普通拟杆菌的五酰基化、单磷酸化LPS通过MD-2/TLR4信号通路发挥抗炎作用



◆ 戈氏副拟杆菌的五酰基化LPS可改善慢性阻塞性肺病

背景

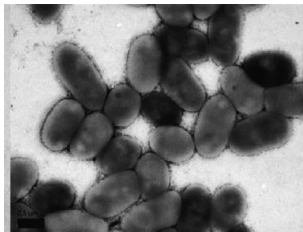
LPS的生物合成途径



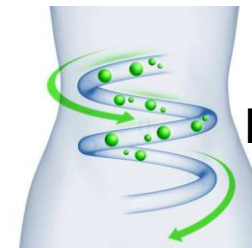
BLAST分析

Gene [↗]	Function [↗]	<i>E. coli</i> MG1655 [↗]	<i>A. muciniphila</i> HW07 [↗]	Identity (%) [↗]	Query cover (%) [↗]	E-value [↗]	<i>A. muciniphila</i> ATCC BAA-835 [↗]	Identity (%) [↗]	Query cover (%) [↗]	E-value [↗]
<i>lpxA</i> [↗]	acyl-ACP-UDP-N-acetylglucosamine O-acyltransferase [↗]	B1XD50 [↗]	JFJHEM_00188 [↗]	48.3 [↗]	87.02 [↗]	4.5E-74 [↗]	B2ULY0 [↗]	48.3 [↗]	87.02 [↗]	4.5E-74 [↗]
<i>lpxB</i> [↗]	lipid A-disaccharide synthase [↗]	B1XD51 [↗]	JFJHEM_02115 [↗]	29.7 [↗]	96.33 [↗]	3E-48 [↗]	Q5LH14 [↗]	29.7 [↗]	96.33 [↗]	3E-48 [↗]
<i>lpxC</i> [↗]	UDP-3-O-acyl-N-acetylglucosamine deacetylase [↗]	B1XC73 [↗]	JFJHEM_01977 [↗]	38.7 [↗]	89.83 [↗]	3.9E+54 [↗]	B2UNL5 [↗]	38.7 [↗]	89.83 [↗]	3.9E+54 [↗]
<i>lpxD</i> [↗]	UDP-3-O-(3-hydroxymyristoyl) glucosamine N-acyltransferase [↗]	P21645 [↗]	JFJHEM_00425 [↗]	33.9 [↗]	95.01 [↗]	6.1E-51 [↗]	B2UND2 [↗]	33.9 [↗]	95.01 [↗]	6.1E-51 [↗]
<i>lpxE</i> [↗]	lipid A 4'-phosphatase [↗]	P10441 [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]
<i>lpxH</i> [↗]	UDP-2,3-diacylglucosamine diphosphatase [↗]	P43341 [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]
<i>lpxK</i> [↗]	tetraacyldisaccharide 4'-kinase [↗]	B1X855 [↗]	JFJHEM_00598 [↗]	30.1 [↗]	96.64 [↗]	9.3E-28 [↗]	B2UPD5 [↗]	30.1 [↗]	96.64 [↗]	9.3E-28 [↗]
<i>lpxL</i> [↗]	lauroyl/palmitoleoyl acyltransferase [↗]	P0ACV0 [↗]	JFJHEM_01585 [↗]	23.7 [↗]	— [↗]	0.00000012 [↗]	B2ULH5 [↗]	23.7 [↗]	— [↗]	0.00000012 [↗]
<i>lpxM</i> [↗]	Lipid A biosynthesis myristoyltransferase [↗]	P24205 [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]	— [↗]
<i>lpxP</i> [↗]	palmitoleoyl acyltransferase [↗]	P0ACV2 [↗]	JFJHEM_01585 [↗]	21.9 [↗]	86.93 [↗]	0.00000012 [↗]	B2ULH5 [↗]	21.9 [↗]	86.93 [↗]	0.00000012 [↗]

❑ 基因组预测嗜黏蛋白阿克曼氏菌脂多糖生物合成途径中**缺失**次级脂肪酸链合成基因

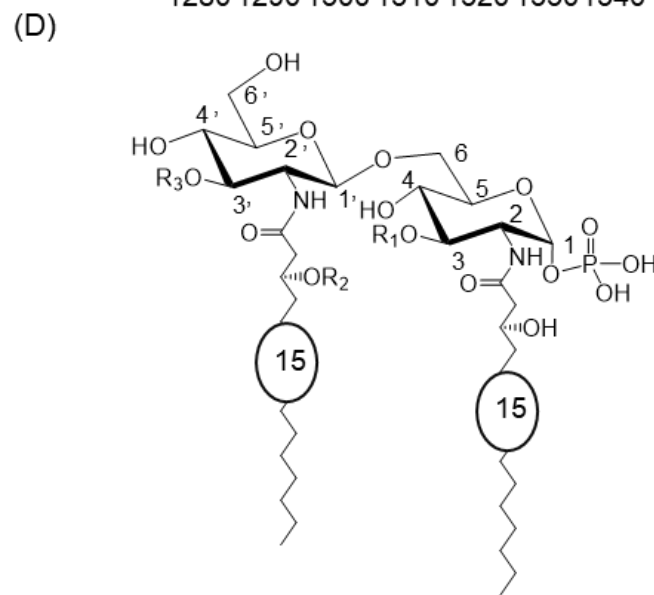
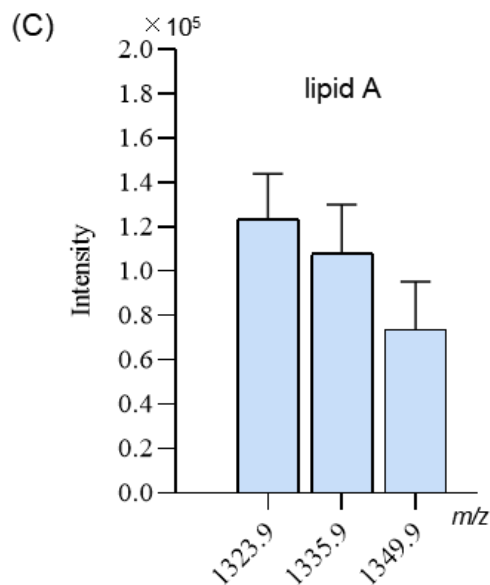
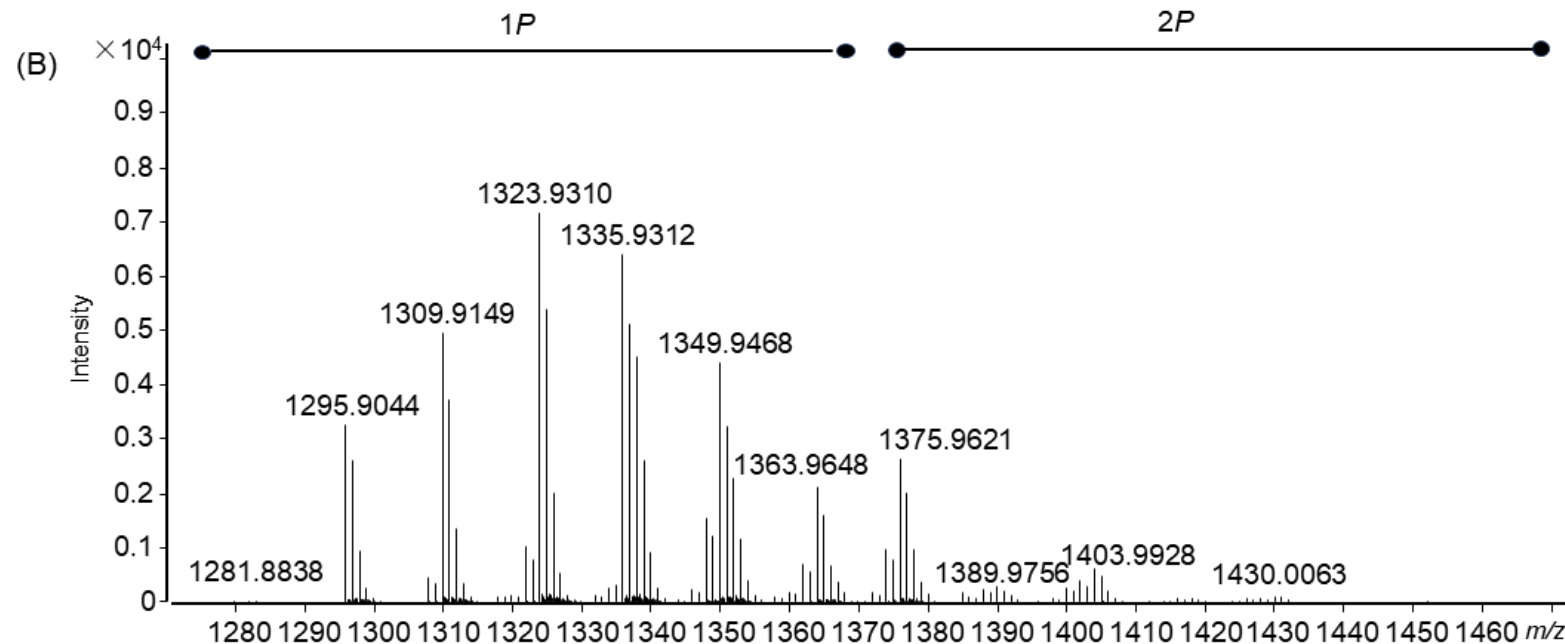
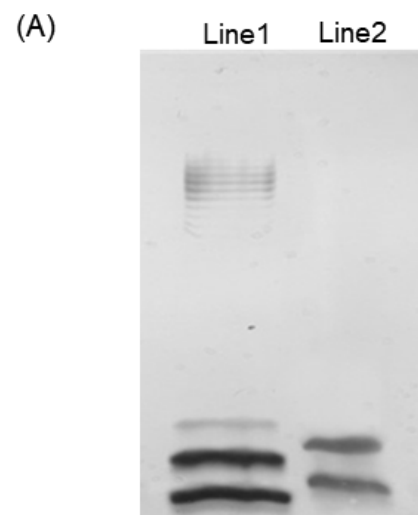


→ *A. muciniphila* LPS → ?



Improve metabolism

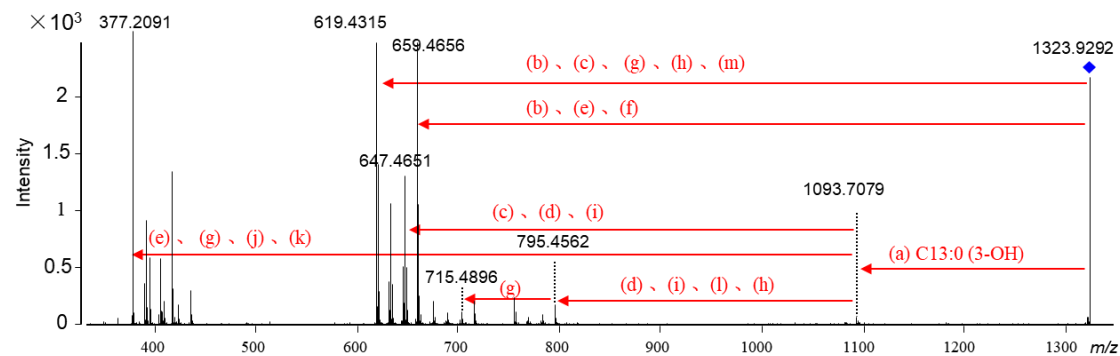
脂多糖的SDS-PAGE银染及代表性脂质A化学结构表征



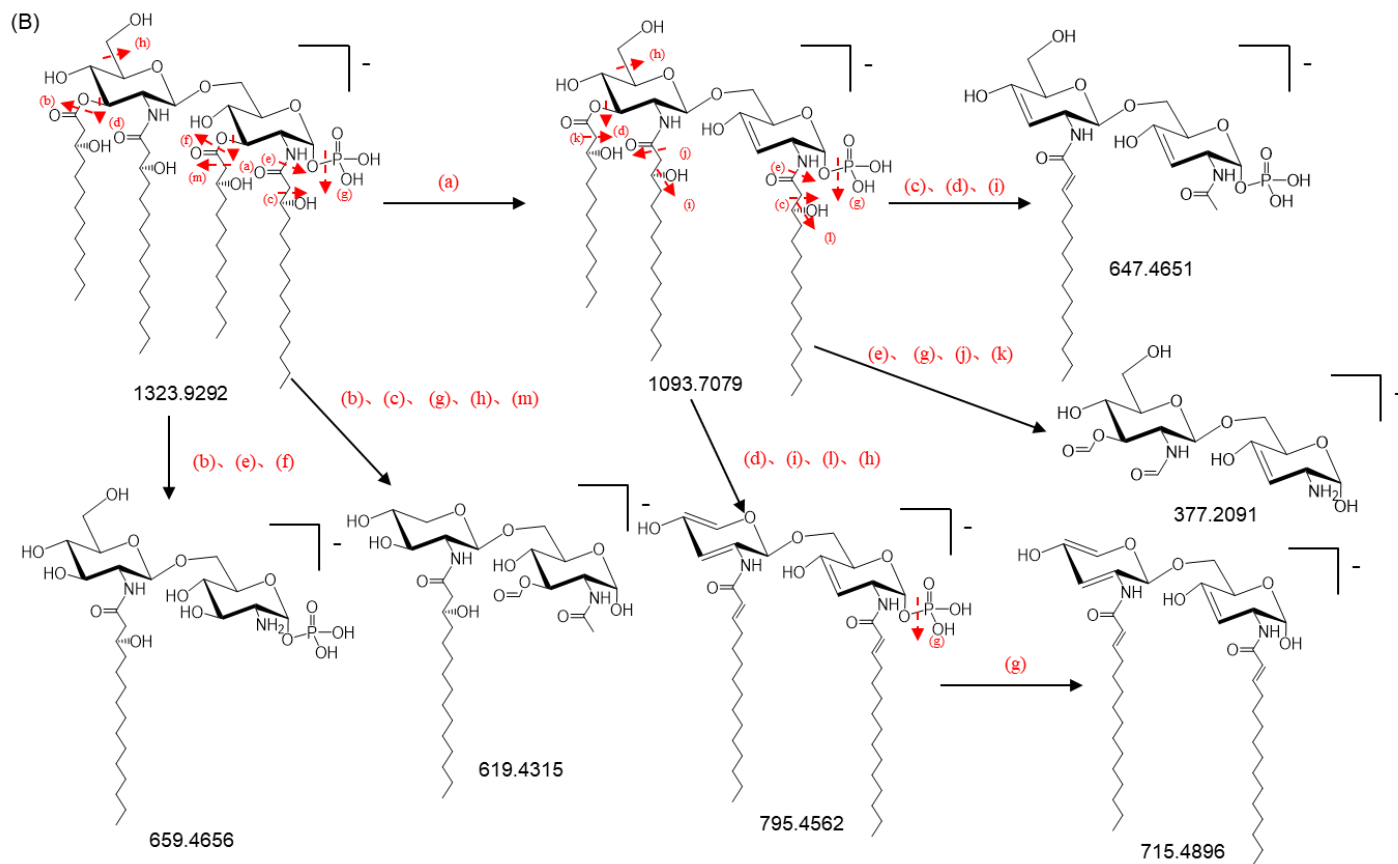
<i>m/z</i>	<i>R</i> ₁	<i>R</i> ₂	<i>R</i> ₃
1323.9310	C13:0 (3-OH)	H	C13:0 (3-OH)
1335.9312	C13:0 (3-OH)	C15:0	H
1349.9468	C14:0 (3-OH)	C15:0	H

ALPS中脂质A的HPLC-ESI-MS2二级质谱分析

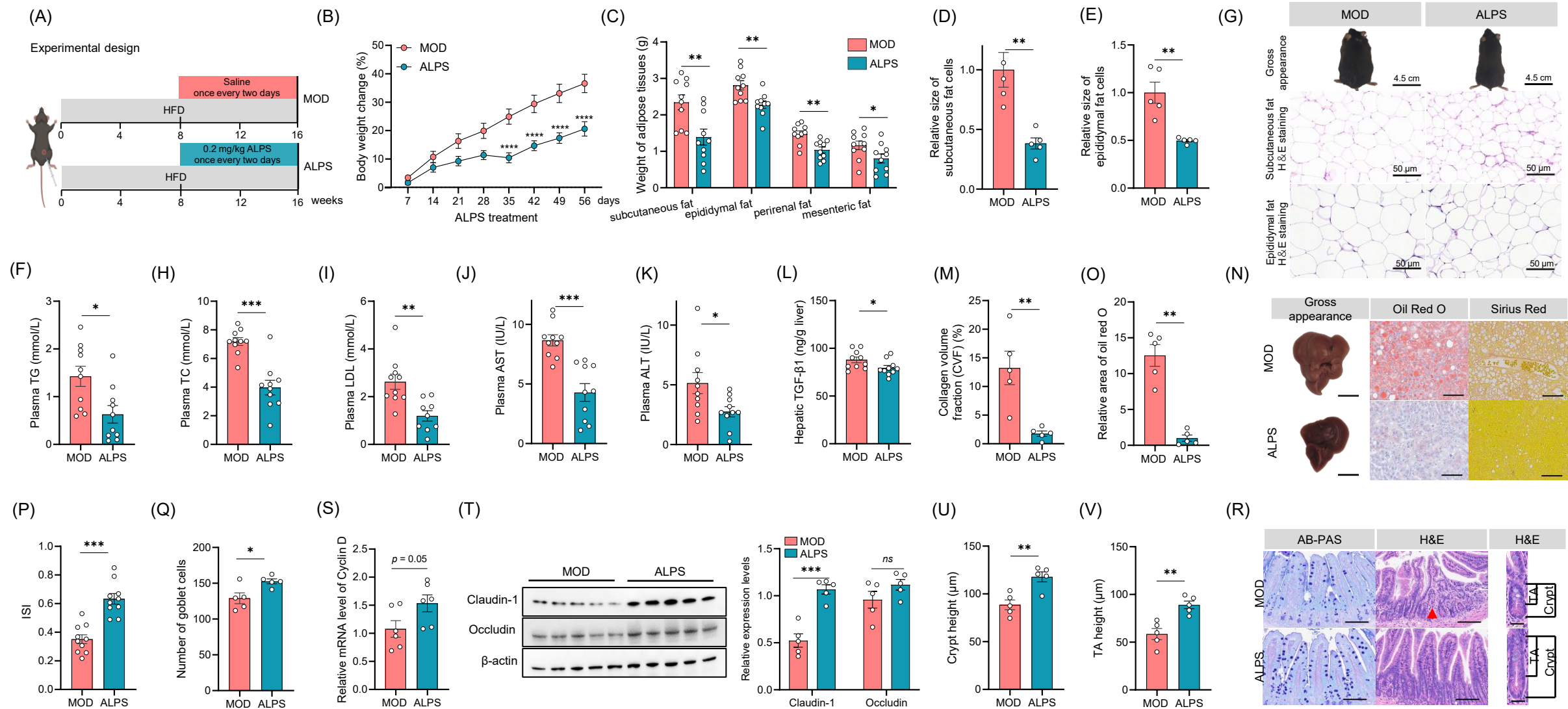
(A)



(B)



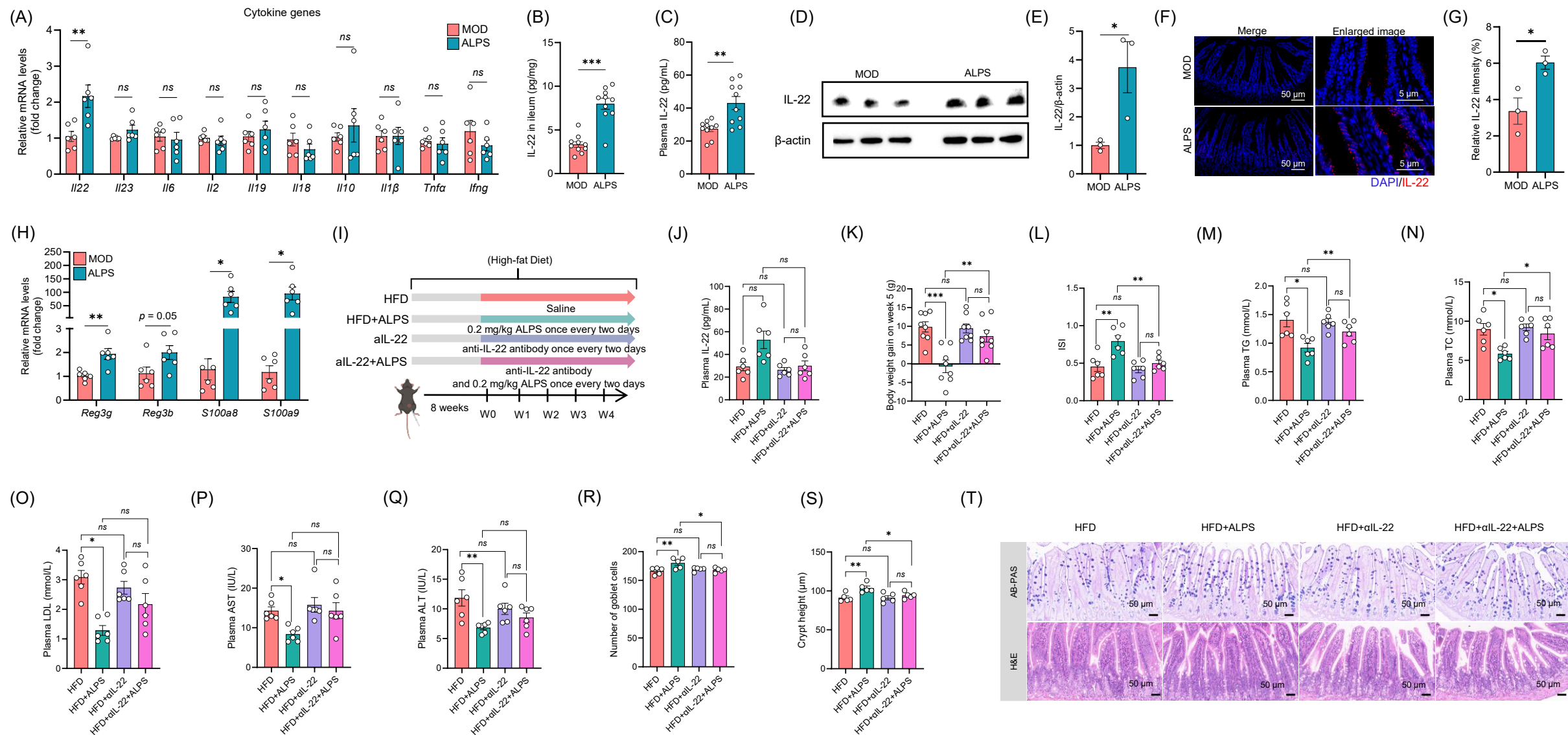
ALPS缓解了饮食诱导肥胖 (DIO) 小鼠的代谢紊乱



改善代谢紊乱，肠道屏障功能

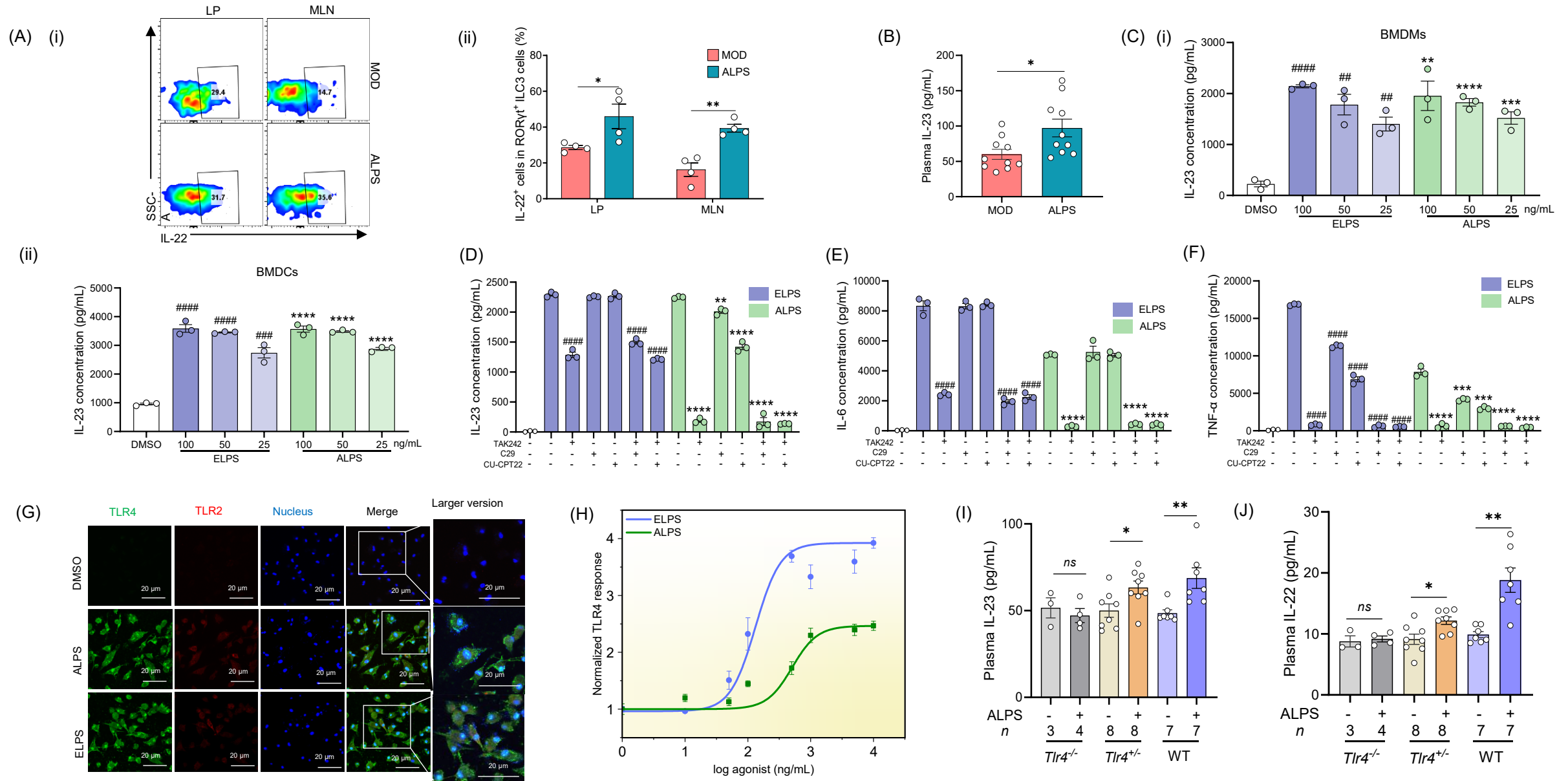
ALPS促进DIO小鼠中IL-22的产生

检测IL-22的产生



抗体中和IL-22

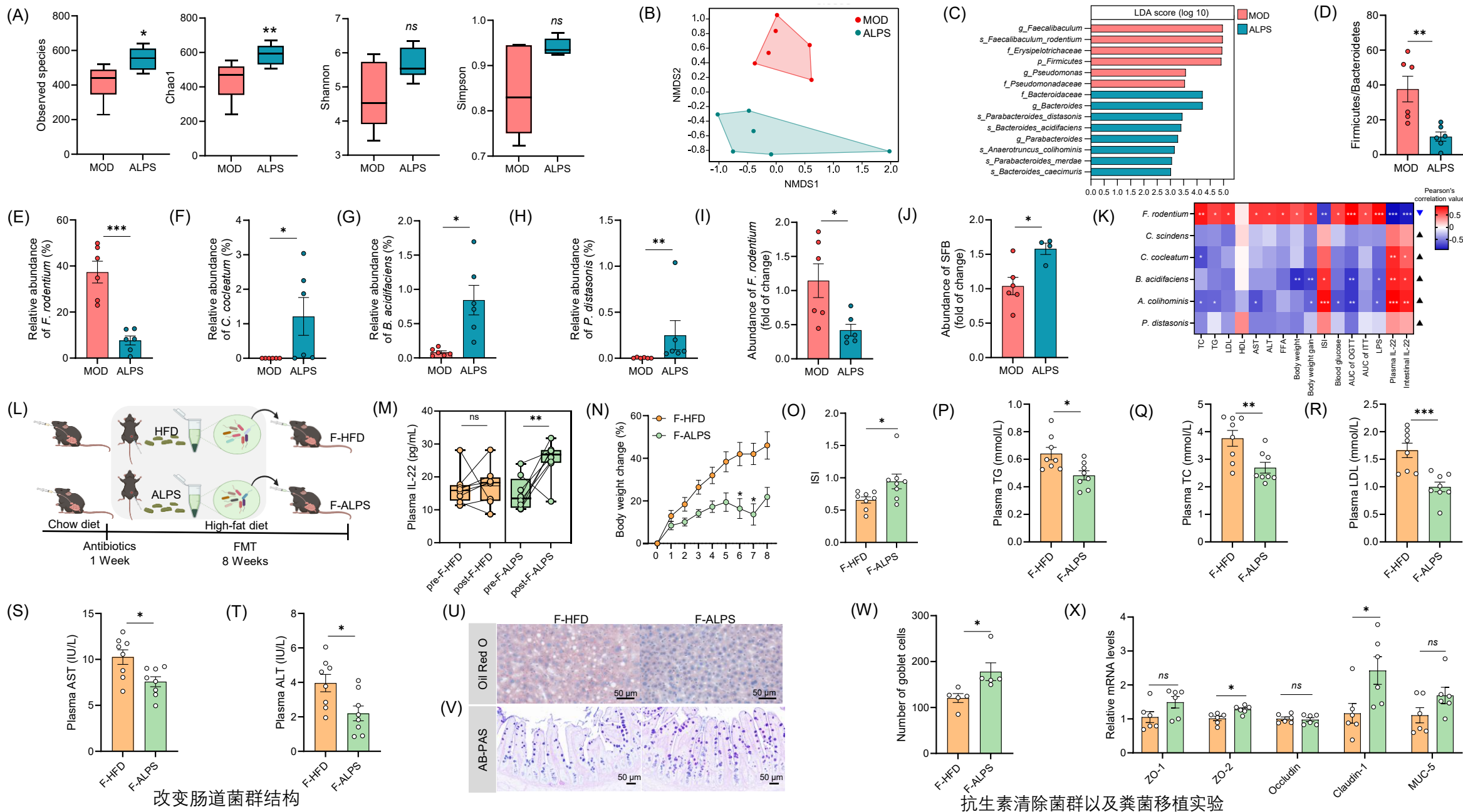
ALPS激活TLR4-IL-23-IL-22信号通路



TLR4受体的筛选

IL-22及其上游IL-23的产生

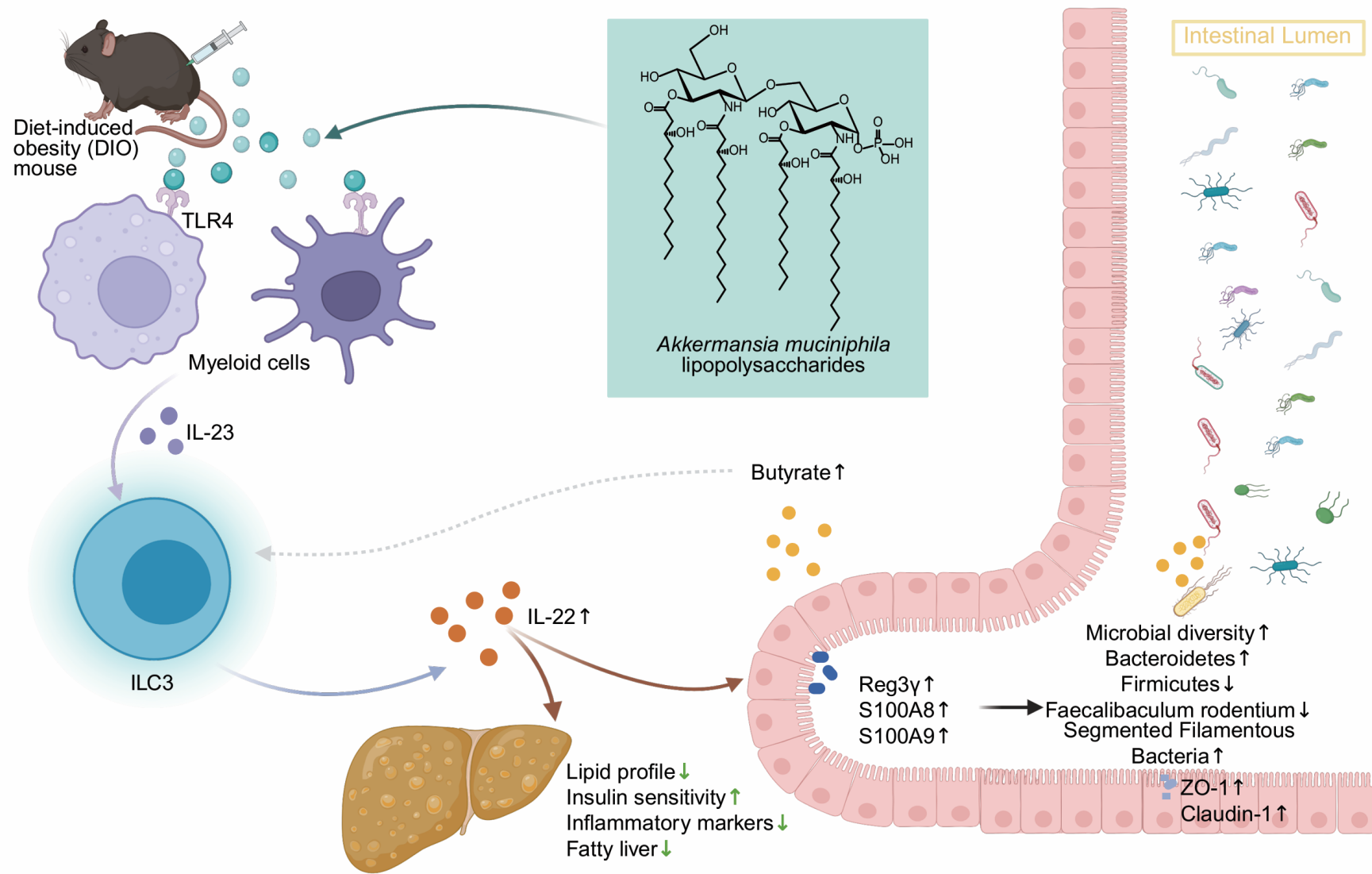
ALPS改变肠道菌群结构及ALPS诱导的肠道菌群在DIO小鼠中的保护作用



改变肠道菌群结构

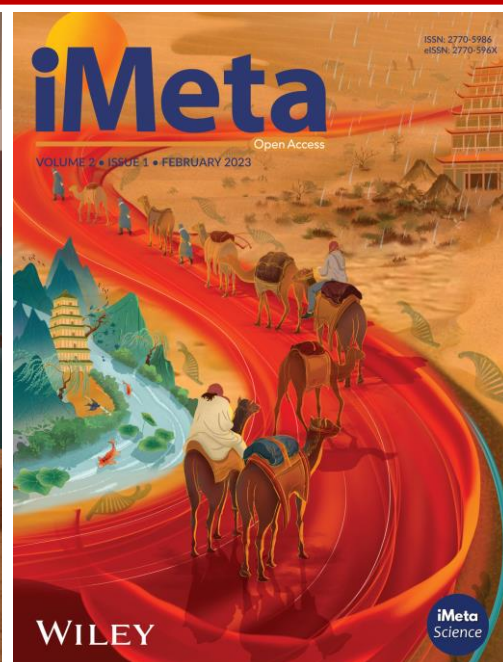
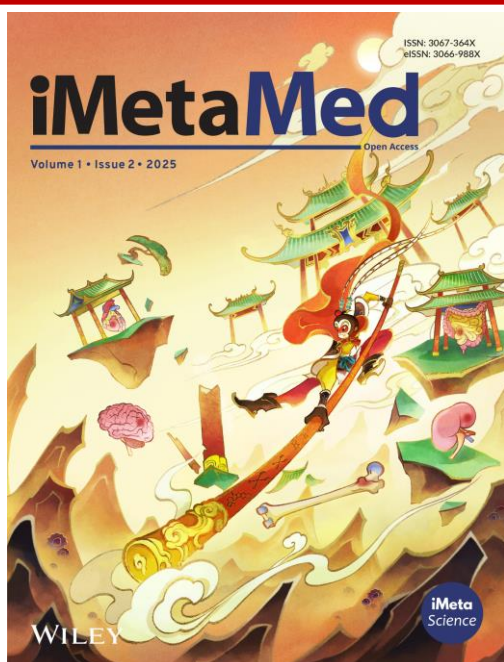
抗生素清除菌群以及粪菌移植实验

总结



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iMeta(宏)期刊是由宏科学、千名华人科学家和威立共同出版，对标**Cell**的生物/医学类综合期刊，主编刘双江和傅静远教授，欢迎高影响力的研究、方法和综述投稿，重点关注生物技术、大数据和组学等前沿交叉学科。已被**SCIE**、**PubMed**等收录，最新IF 33.2，位列全球SCI期刊第65位(前千分之三)，中国第5位，微生物学研究类全球第一，中科院生物学双1区Top。外审平均21天，投稿至发表中位数87天。

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