



Soil pH modulates microbial nitrogen allocation in soil via compositional and metabolic shifts across forests in Japan

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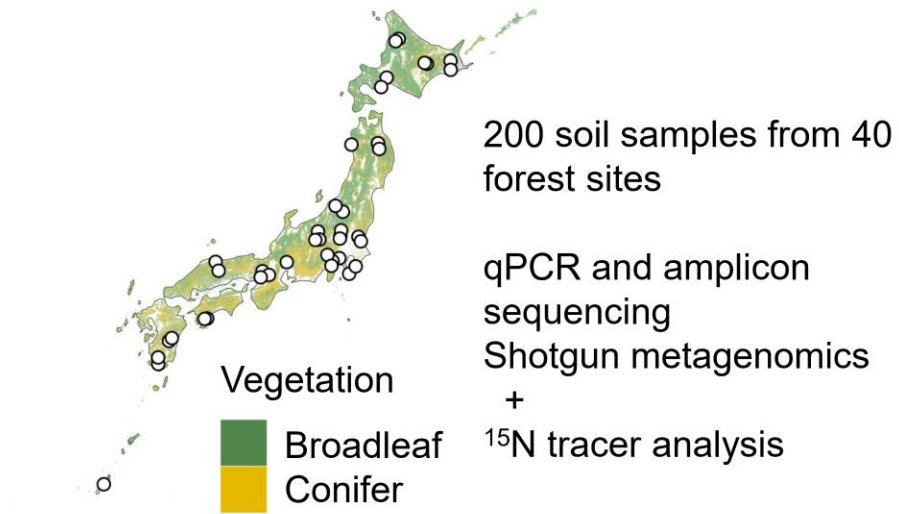
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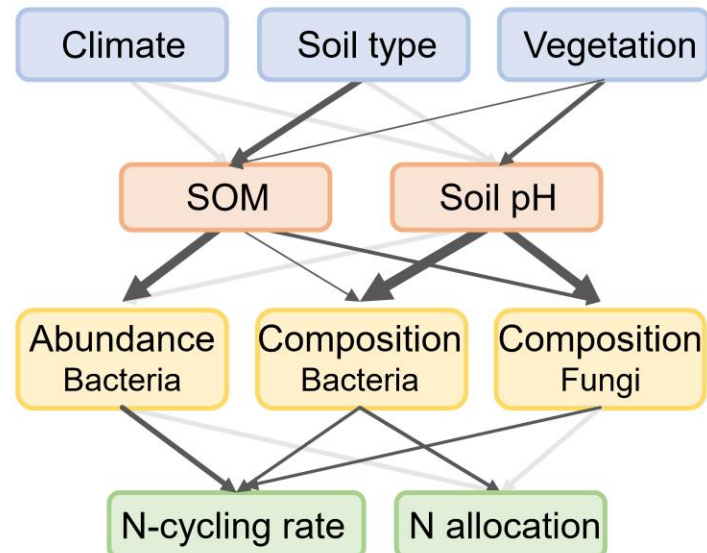


Abstract

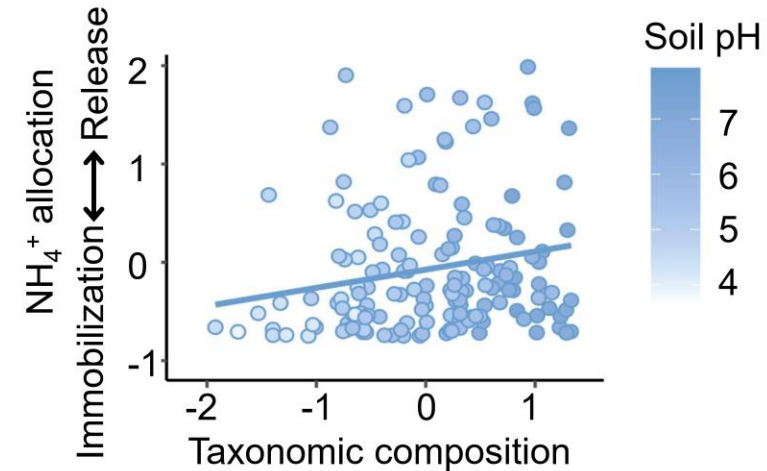
How is N allocation in forest soil—whether NH_4^+ is released or immobilized—regulated by the microbial community?



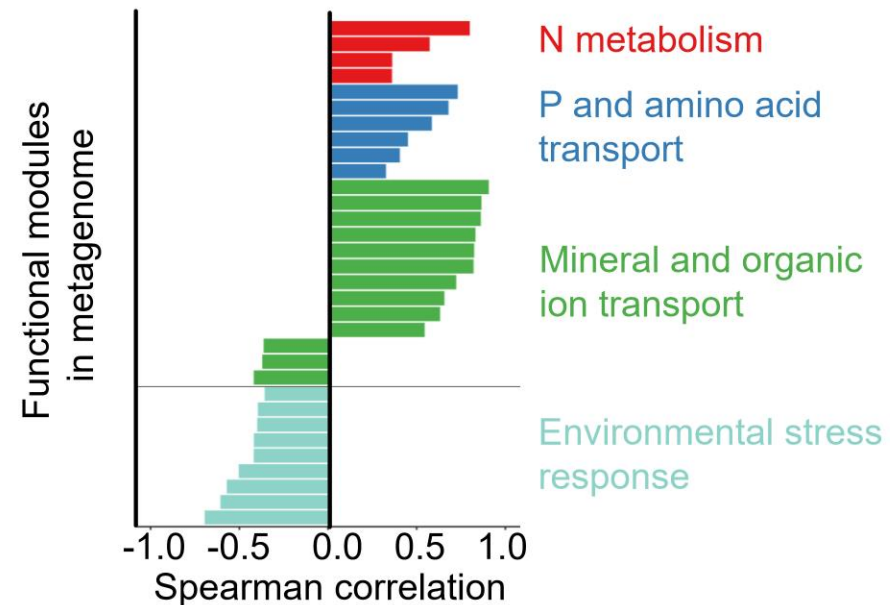
Hierarchical effects on N-cycling



Soil pH regulates N allocation via taxonomic composition constraints



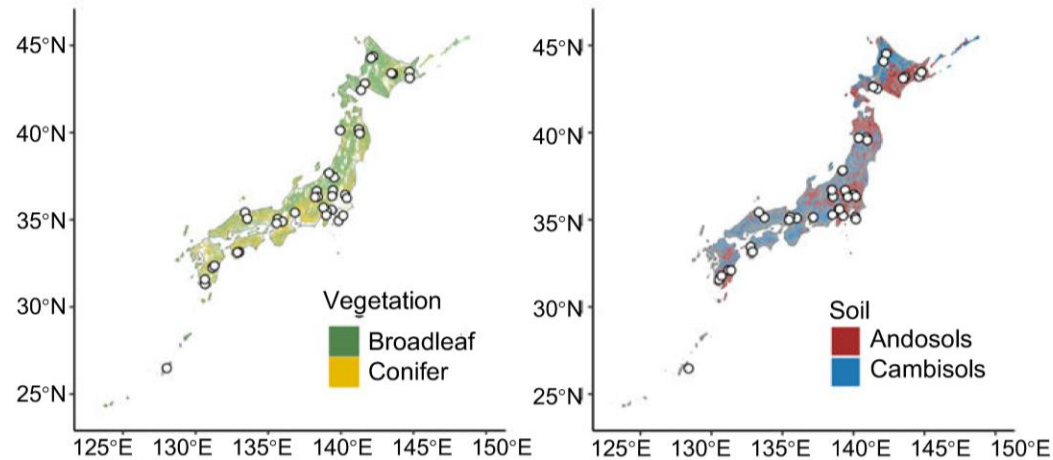
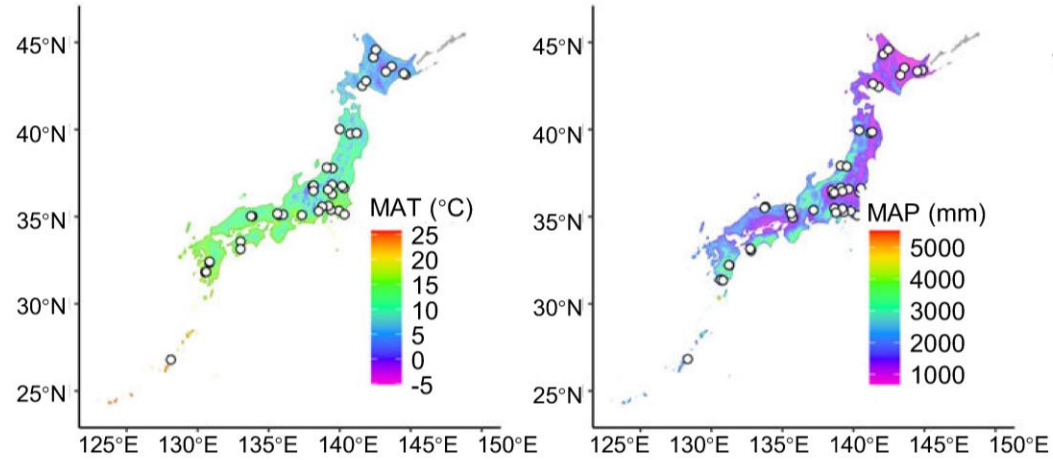
Soil pH regulates N allocation via metabolic constraints



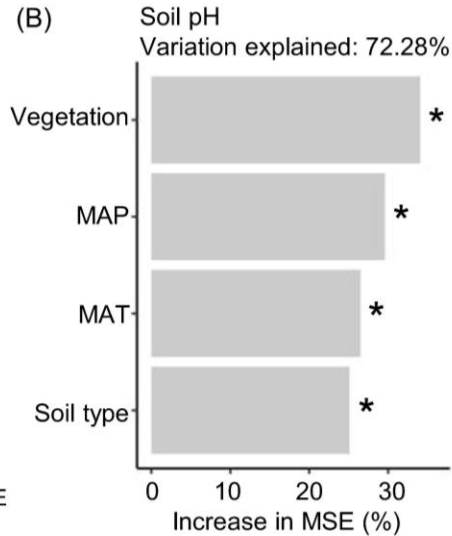


Result1: Pedogenic factors shaping soil habitat properties

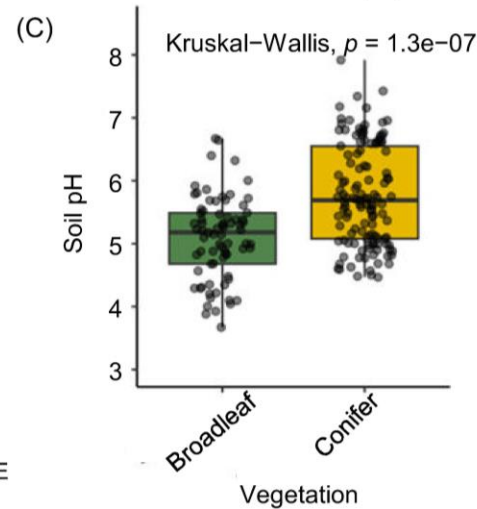
(A)



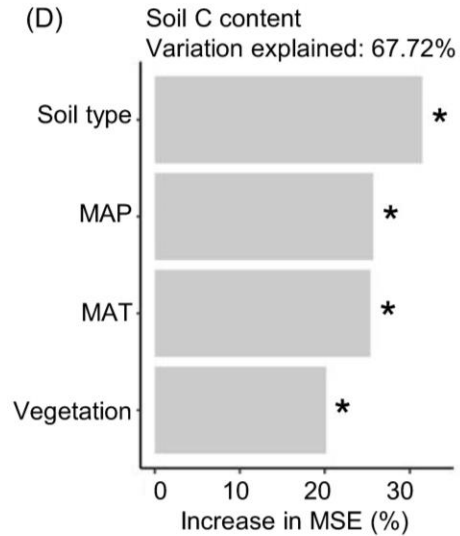
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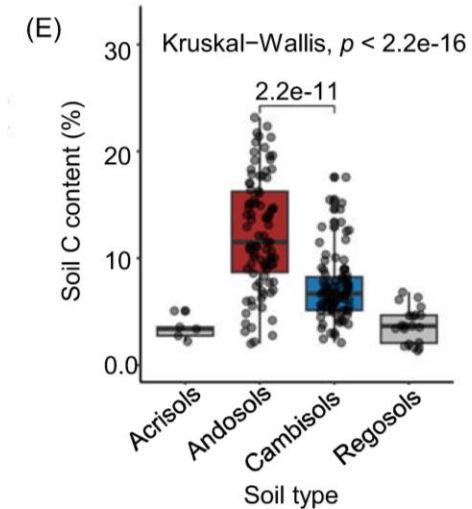
(C)



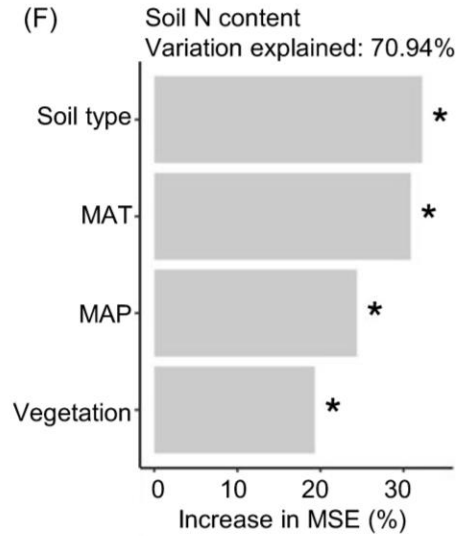
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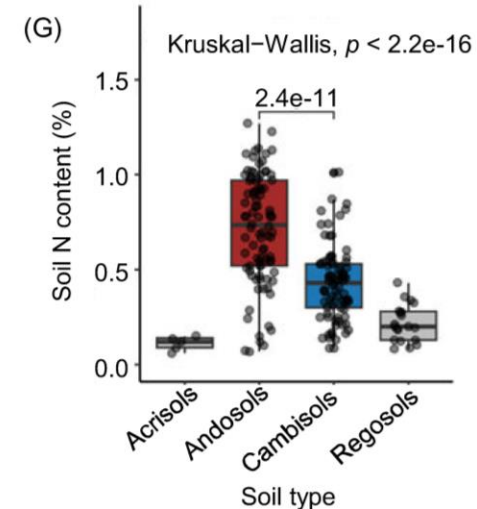
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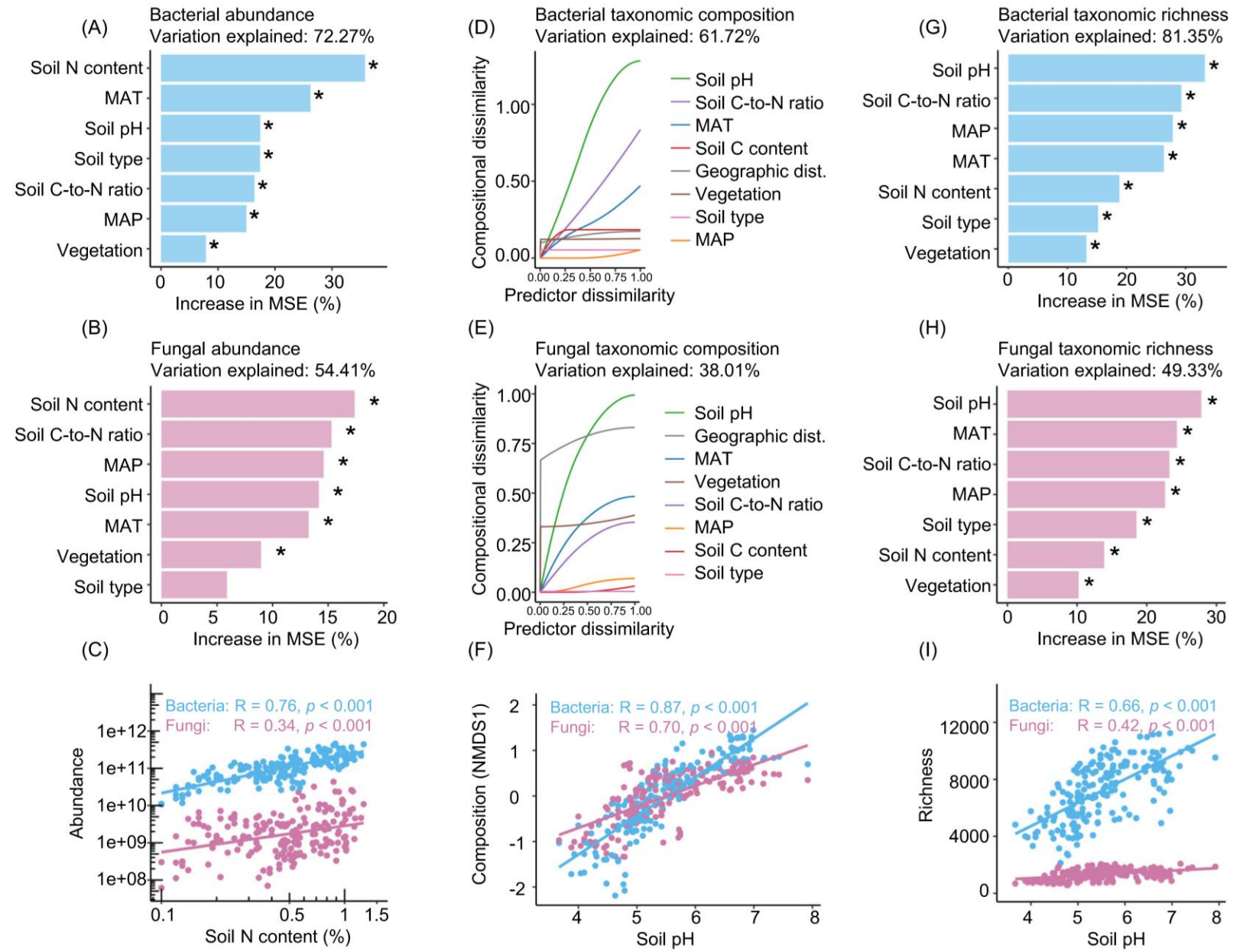
(F)



(G)



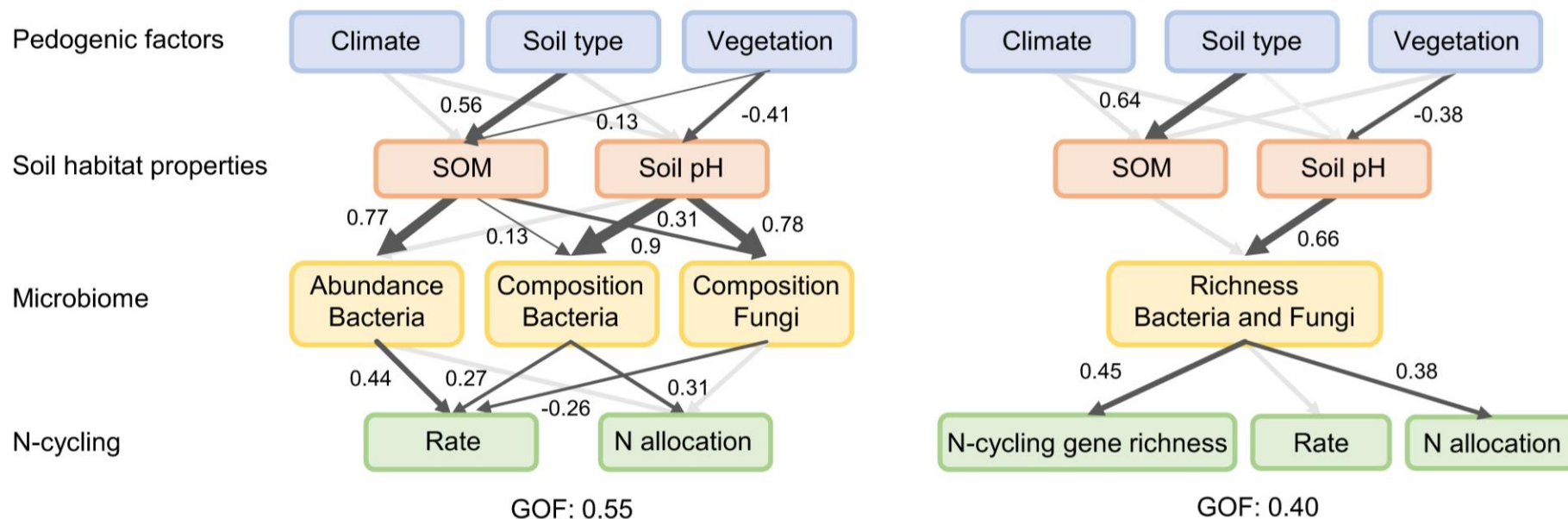
Result2: Pedogenic factors and soil habitat properties shaping the soil microbiome



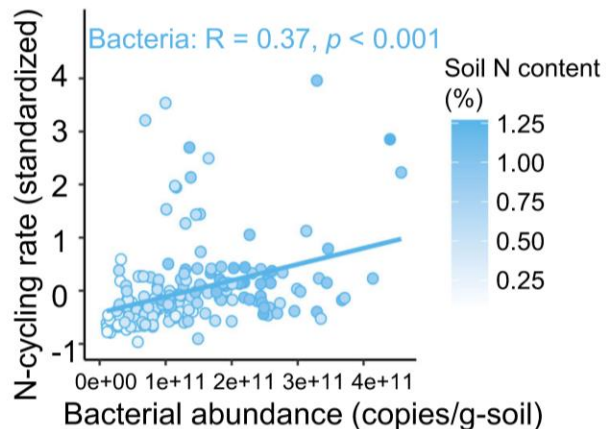


Result3: Hierarchical effects of pedogenic factors, soil habitat properties, and microbial community components on N cycling

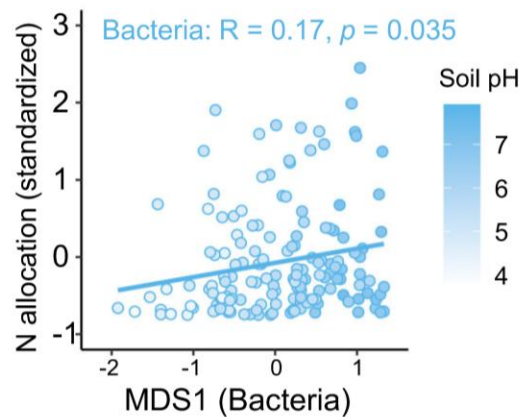
(A)



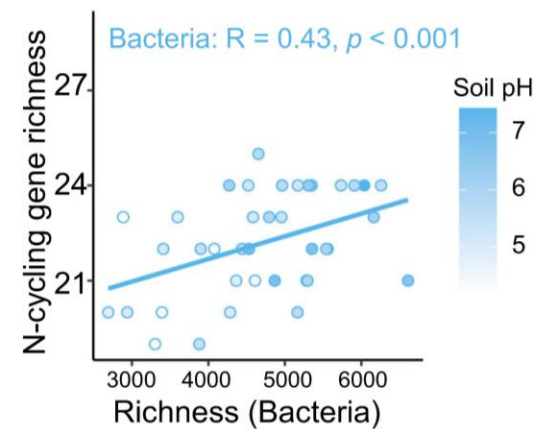
(B)



(C)



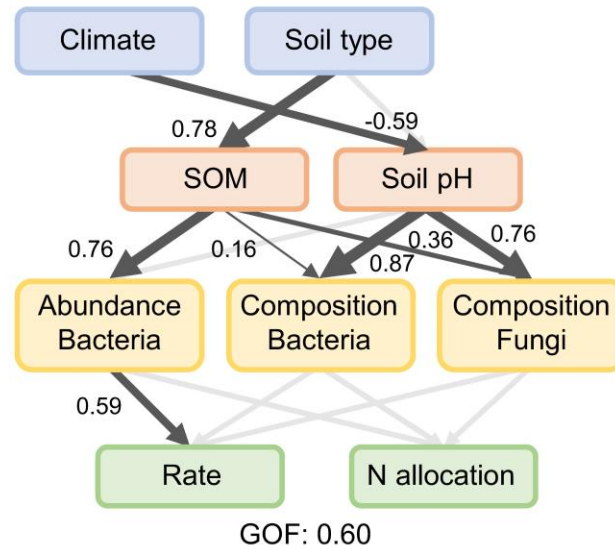
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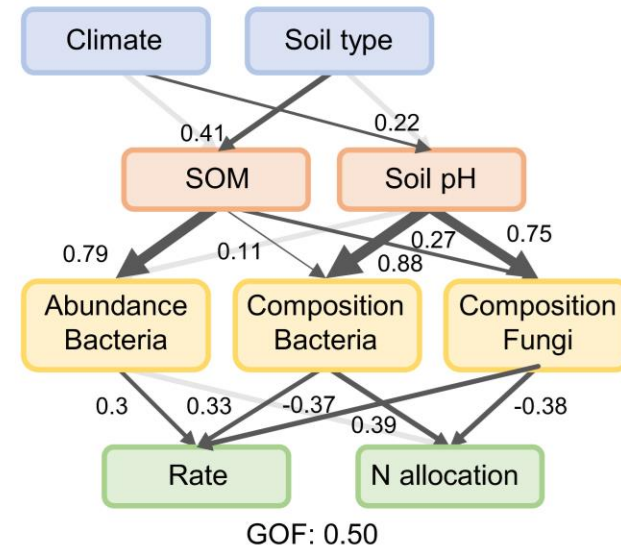
Result4: Context dependency of microbial community responses and their N cycling outcomes



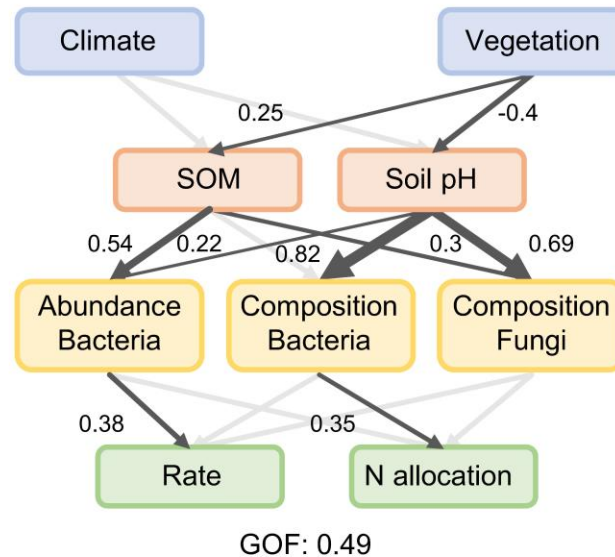
(A) Vegetation: Broadleaved forests



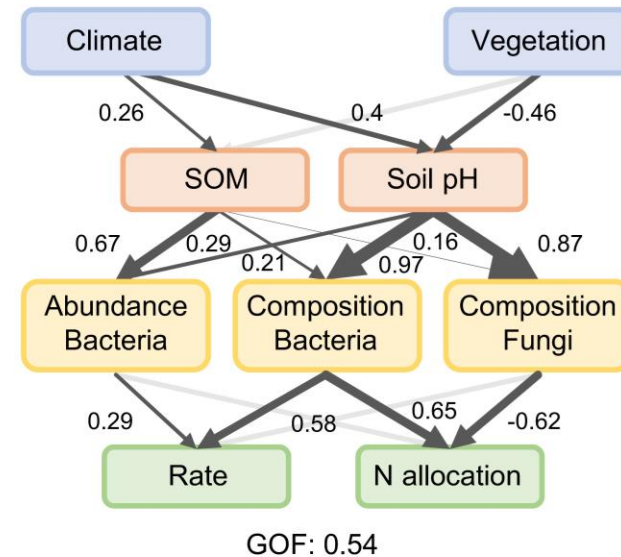
(B) Vegetation: Coniferous forests



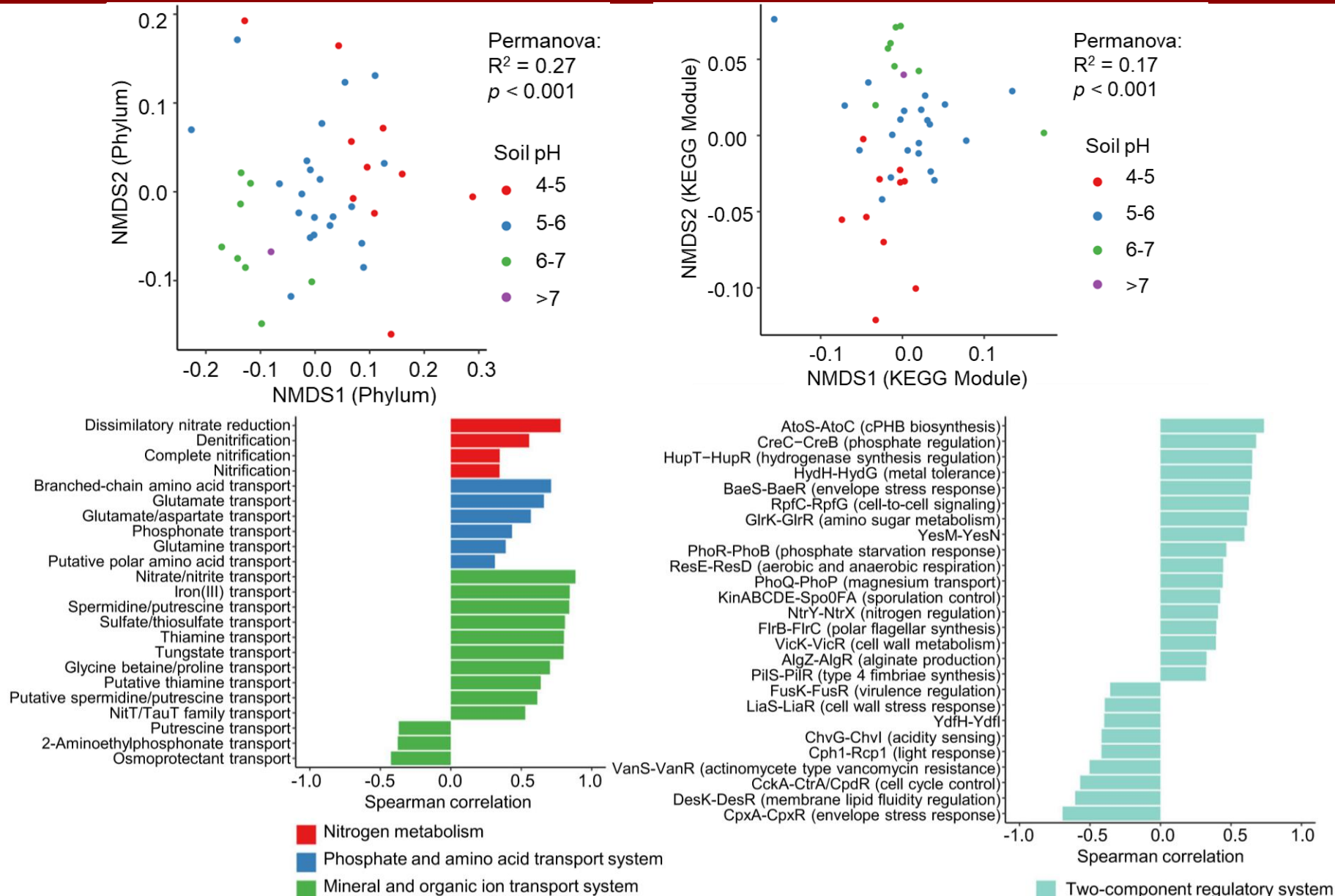
(C) Soil type: Andosol forests



(D) Soil type: Cambisol forests



Result5: Changes in the metabolic capabilities of the microbial community in response to changes in the soil pH





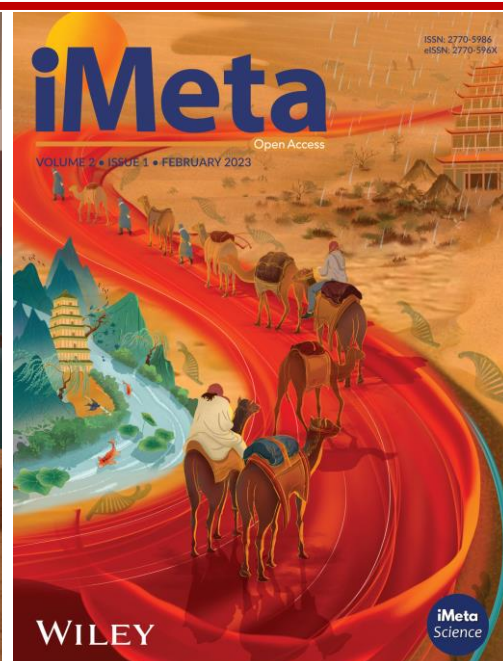
Summary

- ❑ Pedogenic factors influence soil properties, shaping microbial communities and regulating nitrogen cycling and allocation.
- ❑ Microbial abundance drives nitrogen cycling rates, while composition and diversity determine ammonium release or retention through metabolic constraints.
- ❑ Acidic soils favor stress-tolerant microbes that retain N, while near-neutral soils support energy-efficient taxa that enhance ammonium release and nitrification.
- ❑ These findings underscore the role of microbial taxonomic composition and metabolic capabilities in regulating N allocation and highlight soil pH as a key environmental filter linking soil conditions to ecosystem- level N cycling.

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